



Saints

Quiz



Rookie

1. **St. Peter was**
(a) a fisherman (b) a tentmaker (c) a weaver
(d) an electrician
2. **St. Patrick is the patron saint of**
(a) Italy (b) Ireland (c) Japan (d) Mexico
3. **The patron saint for finding things that have been lost is**
(a) St. Martin de Porres (b) St. Hedwig
(c) St. Anthony of Padua (d) St. Thomas Aquinas
4. **The first Native American to be declared blessed (the step before becoming a saint) is**
(a) Kateri Tekakwitha (b) Geronimo
(c) Chief Red Cloud (d) Apache Dan
5. **The saint who followed what she called "The Little Way" to holiness is**
(a) St. Augustine (b) St. Therese, the Little Flower
(c) St. John Bosco (d) St. Elizabeth of Hungary
6. **The Aztec peasant who had a vision of Our Lady of Guadalupe in 1531 in Mexico is**
(a) St. Juan Diego (b) St. Frances of Rome
(c) St. Lucy (d) St. Christopher
7. **The saint who loved animals so much that animals are now blessed on his feast day is**
(a) doubting Thomas (b) St. Francis of Assisi
(c) St. Bridget (d) St. Ignatius
8. **The patron saint of France who cut her hair and dressed in armor to lead the army was**
(a) St. Joan of Arc (b) St. Mary Magdalene
(c) St. Genevieve (d) St. Gertrude
9. **Jesus' foster father St. Joseph was a**
(a) bricklayer (b) shepherd (c) carpenter
(d) shoemaker
10. **The woman whose home Jesus liked to visit and who is known as patron saint of cooks and homemakers is**
(a) St. Agatha (b) St. Gabriel (c) St. Rose of Lima
(d) St. Martha
11. **The saint who, according to legend, wiped the face of Jesus with her veil when he fell on his way to Golgotha is**
(a) St. Veronica (b) St. Anne
(c) St. Catherine of Siena
(d) St. Elizabeth Ann Seton
12. **The young man who traveled with St. Peter and wrote one of the Gospels is**
(a) St. Nicodemus (b) St. Mark (c) St. Barnabas
(d) St. George
13. **The founder of the religious order known as the Dominicans is**
(a) St. Lawrence (b) St. Barbara (c) St. Cecelia
(d) St. Dominic
14. **The first pope was**
(a) St. Boniface (b) St. Andrew (c) St. Peter
(d) St. Luke
15. **The Roman soldier-saint who cut his cloak in two and gave half to a beggar is**
(a) St. Martin of Tours (b) St. Nicholas of Myra
(c) St. Paul Miki (d) St. Brendan the Navigator



Saints Rookie Quiz

Answers



1. (a) St. Peter and his brother Andrew were both fishermen. Archaeologists think they've found the ruins of St. Peter's house in Capernaum. There is evidence that Peter's home was used as a church by the early Christians.

2. (b) St. Patrick (389-461) was kidnapped as a child and taken to Ireland as a slave. Later, after he escaped, he returned and preached the Gospel. He founded many churches and schools.

3. (c) St. Anthony (1195-1231) was famous in his day as a preacher. He is known to us as a helper in finding lost objects because he once prayed that a lost prayer book would be returned and it was.

4. (a) Blessed Kateri (1656-1680) was a young Mohawk girl when she became a Christian. Because of her faith, she was treated badly by her tribe and even her family. She eventually ran away from her tribe's home in upstate New York and joined a Native-American Christian colony near Montreal, Canada. She is known for her devotion to the Eucharist.

5. (b) The "Little Flower" (1873-1897) wrote that we should try to please God by doing even little things as sacrifices for his sake. She is the patron saint of the missions and her feast day is October 1.

6. (a) St. Juan Diego's vision took place in December. When the bishop asked for proof of Juan Diego's vision, Our Lady told Juan Diego where to find roses in December. He carried the roses to the bishop in his *tilma*, or cloak. When Juan Diego opened his tilma to show the roses to the bishop, there was a beautiful image of Our Lady on the inside of the cloak.

7. (b) St. Francis (1181-1226) is the patron saint of ecology, the science of caring for our whole planet. He was also famous as a peace-maker. He founded the Franciscans.

8. (a) St. Joan of Arc (1412- 431), the "Maid of Orleans," seemed to come out of nowhere to help the true king of France reclaim his throne.

In war-torn France she made so many enemies that she was later accused of being a heretic and burned at the stake.

9. (c) In Matthew 13:55, when the people of Nazareth call Jesus the carpenter's son, we learn that St. Joseph was a carpenter. He must have taught Jesus the trade because in Mark 6:3, the people of Nazareth call Jesus the carpenter.

10. (d) St. Martha, her sister Mary, and brother Lazarus must have had a welcoming home. In the Bible we read accounts of Jesus' visits with them. See Luke 10:38-42 and John 12:1-3. There is also the story of how Jesus raised Lazarus from death. See John 11:1-44.

11. (a) Veronica's name means "true image." By stepping out of the crowd and helping a prisoner, she showed the true image of what a disciple should be.

12. (b) We don't know very much about St. Mark except that he is mentioned in Acts 12: 12, 25, and that his mother, Mary of Jerusalem, offered her house as a meeting place for the new Christians after Jesus died.

13. (d) St. Dominic (1170-1221) was a famous preacher from Spain. He gathered a band of men who would study, pray, and then preach everywhere they went. This group became the Order of Preachers, also known as the Dominicans. Before he was born, legend says, his mother dreamed her unborn child was a dog who would set the world on fire with a burning torch it carried in its mouth.

14. (c) Tradition tells us that, when the early Church was persecuted and St. Peter was sentenced to die on a cross, he asked to be crucified upside-down. Peter said he was not worthy to die like his Lord.

15. (a) After St. Martin of Tours (316-397) gave half his army cloak to a beggar on a freezing cold night, he dreamed that he had given it to the Lord. He hurried to be baptized, then became a hermit, and later was made a bishop. He was St. Patrick's uncle.



Saints Quiz



Almost Expert
2nd hardest

- 1. St. Clare of Assisi is the patron saint of television because she**
(a) invented it (b) had a miraculous vision
(c) was blind (d) was the favorite saint of a pope who liked television
- 2. The saint in whose memory the Church blesses throats on February 3 is**
(a) St. Christopher (b) St. Blaise (c) St. Imelda
(d) St. Dominic Savio
- 3. The saintly woman who cared for the poor and dying people of India is**
(a) Blessed Mother Teresa of Calcutta
(b) St. Joan of Arc (c) St. Elizabeth Ann Seton
(d) Mother Josephine
- 4. The founder of the Benedictine Order was**
(a) St. Peter (b) St. Francis Xavier (c) St. Andrew
St. Benedict
- The name of Mary's cousin who was the mother of John the Baptist is**
(a) St. Hildegard (b) St. Jennifer (c) St. Elizabeth
(d) St. Ashley
- 6. The three angels named in the Bible are Gabriel, Raphael, and**
(a) Barbara (b) Michael (c) Dennis (d) David
- 7. The apostle who was a tax collector is**
(a) St. Philip (b) St. Simon (c) St. Matthew
(d) St. John
- 8. Tradition tells us the name of Mary's mother is**
(a) St. Anne (b) St. Joachim (c) St. Martha
(d) St. Louis
- 9. The strange hermit-saint who lived on top of a stone pillar for more than 30 years is**
(a) St. Simeon Stylites (b) St. Bede the Venerable
(c) St. James the Greater (d) St. Rose of Lima
- 10. The first American-born saint is**
(a) St. John of the Cross (b) St. Ursula
(c) St. Elizabeth Ann Seton
(d) St. Margaret of Scotland
- 11. The apostle whose name was changed from Simon is**
(a) St. Paul (b) St. Peter (c) St. Jude Thaddeus
(d) St. Jerome
- 12. The famous Dominican brother from Peru who deliberately sought the lowest tasks but who also cured the sick is**
(a) St. Ignatius of Antioch (b) St. Ambrose
(c) St. Martin de Porres (d) St. John Vianney
- 13. The Bible says that in the desert John the Baptist ate**
(a) meat and potatoes (b) thistles (c) yogurt
(d) locusts and wild honey
- 14. Legend tells us that the saint who discovered the true cross of Jesus is**
(a) St. Nicholas of Myra (b) St. Helena
(c) St. Catherine (d) St. Charles Lwanga
- 15. The first Christian martyr, a person who was killed for the faith, is**
(a) St. Stephen (b) St. Maximilian Kolbe
(c) St. Thomas More (d) St. Polycarp



Saints Almost-Expert Quiz

Answers



1. (b) It was reported in the process of St. Clare's canonization that she was in her sickbed in 1252, when she saw and heard what was happening at the Christmas Mass she longed to attend - just as if she was watching it on television. St. Clare was a good friend of St. Francis of Assisi.
2. (b) Blase was a bishop and physician who was arrested and martyred for his faith. While in prison, he cured a boy who had a fishbone stuck in his throat. This led to the blessing of throats on his feast day.
3. (a) Mother Teresa (1910-1997) was inspired to devote her life to helping the poorest of the poor. She founded a religious order, the Missionaries of Charity, which continues her work. In 2003, she was beatified, the first step to being declared a saint.
4. (d) St. Benedict greatly influenced Church history when he founded monasteries where his followers lived lives of holiness in work and prayer according to his Rule. His twin sister was St. Scholastica who also founded a religious community.
5. (c) Mary hurried to be with her cousin until John the Baptist was born. See Luke 1:39-40, 56.
6. (b) All three are archangels. Gabriel is the angel of the Annunciation, telling Mary that she would give birth to Jesus. See Luke 1:26-38. Raphael, the angel of healing, helps Tobias in the Book of Tobit. See Tobit 5:4-6. Michael, called the defender of the Church, defeats evil in the Book of Revelation. See Revelation 12:7-9.
7. (c) When Jesus called Matthew to follow him, Matthew immediately left the tax booth. He also invited Jesus to dinner. You can read the story in Matthew 9:9-13.
8. (a) Though they are not named in the Bible, tradition tells us that Mary's parents were named Joachim and Anne. They would have been Jesus' grandparents. St. Anne is the patron saint of Canada.
9. (a) Determined to withdraw farther and farther from the world, St. Simeon Stylites gradually increased the height of his pillar. The word *stylites* comes from the Greek word for pillar, *stylos*. St. Simeon died on top of his pillar, but he inspired others to follow his example. They are known as Stylites.
10. (c) St. Elizabeth Ann Seton (1774-1821) was a wife, mother, and the founder of a religious order. She was very important in the development of the Catholic school system in the United States.
11. (b) When Andrew brought his brother Simon to meet Jesus, Jesus looked at him and said "You are Simon, son of John. You are to be called Peter." (John 1:42) *Peter* means "rock."
12. (c) St. Martin de Porres' powers of healing were so great that crowds came to his doorstep. His great love for humans and animals led people to call him "Martin of Charity."
13. (d) You can read about this in Matthew 3: 4. Some translations of the Bible say "grasshoppers" instead of "locusts." While eating either grasshoppers or locusts does not sound good to us, it was not unusual for people to eat locusts at the time of John the Baptist.
14. (b) St. Helena (250-330) built a church on the spot where the cross was found and also sent pieces to Rome and Constantinople. She was the mother of the emperor Constantine who, in 313, made it legal for Christians to worship.
15. (a) You can read the story of the stoning of Stephen in Acts 7:54-60. Notice that the people who stoned Stephen to death put their coats at Saul's feet. This is the same person who later became St. Paul!



Saints Quiz



Scholar
hardest

1. "On this rock I will build my church" were Jesus' words to

- (a) St. Patrick (b) St. Thomas (c) St. Peter
- (d) St. Jude Thaddeus

2. The place in France where St. Bernadette Soubirous had visions of Our Lady in 1858 is

- (a) Lourdes (b) Medjugorje (c) Rome (d) Paris

3. The energetic disciple whose name was changed from Saul and who had a conversion experience on the road to Damascus is

- (a) St. Stephen (b) St. Robert (c) St. Germaine
- (d) St. Paul

4. The Philadelphia heiress who used her wealth to help the poor and founded an order of Sisters to care for Native Americans and African Americans is

- (a) St. Frances Xavier Cabrini
- (b) St. Katharine Drexel
- (c) Blessed Kateri Tekakwitha
- (d) St. Maria Goretti

5. The scholarly saint who led a wild life but later became a bishop and Doctor of the Church is

- (a) St. Bartholomew (b) St. Theodosius
- (c) St. Augustine (d) St. Angela Merici

6. The French saint in whose honor many parishes have formed societies to serve the poor is

- (a) St. Vincent de Paul (b) St. Thomas a Becket
- (c) St. Gregory the Great (d) St. Leo the Great

7. The rosary is usually associated with

- (a) St. Benedict and the Benedictines
- (b) St. Dominic and the Dominicans
- (c) St. Francis and the Franciscans
- (d) St. Ignatius and the Jesuits

8. The twentieth-century Italian priest who had the stigmata, the marks of Jesus' wounds, on his body for 50 years was

- (a) St. Vladimir (b) St. Padre Pio
- (c) St. Benedict the Moor (d) St. Kevin

9. The lawyer-saint who was ordered beheaded by King Henry VIII is

- (a) St. Thomas More (b) St. Joseph Cupertino
- (c) St. Benedict Joseph Labre
- (d) St. Maximilian Kolbe

10. The early Church official who was martyred by being roasted on a grill is

- (a) St. Paul (b) St. Michael (c) St. Lawrence
- (d) St. Albertus Magnus

11. The recently canonized Italian saint who died rather than abort her baby is

- (a) St. Gianna Beretta Molla (b) St. Joan of Arc
- (c) St. Elizabeth of Hungary (d) St. Agnes

12. Crossed keys are a symbol of

- (a) Gregorian chant (b) St. Peter (c) King David
- (d) "Keep Out"

13. The saint from Uganda who gave his life in 1886 rather than give in to the immoral demands of the king is

- (a) St. Anthony of Padua (b) St. Philip Neri
- (c) St. Charles Lwanga (d) St. Charles Borromeo

14. The saint who sacrificed his own life for another prisoner in a Nazi concentration camp during World War II is

- (a) St. Thomas Aquinas (b) St. Maximilian Kolbe
- (c) St. John of the Cross (d) St. Ignatius of Antioch

15. The sixteenth-century Spanish nobleman who founded the Jesuits and is the patron of retreats is

- (a) St. Ignatius Loyola (b) St. Stephen of Hungary
- (c) St. Valentine (d) St. Mark



Saints Scholar Quiz

Answers



1. (c) Jesus asked the disciples, "But who do you say I am?" When Peter answered, "You are the Messiah, the Son of the living God," Jesus knew God had revealed this to Peter. Jesus promised to build the church on Peter, whose name means "rock." See Matthew 16:13-18.
2. (a) Thousands visit the shrine at Lourdes every year, hoping to be cured of their illnesses by bathing in the spring that Bernadette discovered.
3. (d) Saul was riding to Damascus to arrest Christians there when he saw a bright light and heard a voice say, "Saul, Saul, why do you persecute me?" You can read about his conversion in Acts 9:1-30.
4. (b) St. Katharine Drexel (1858-1955) used millions of dollars of her family's fortune to establish schools for Native Americans and African Americans. To run these schools, she founded an order called the Sisters of the Blessed Sacrament.
5. (c) St. Augustine of Hippo (354-430) was blessed to have a mother like St. Monica. She prayed that her son would become a Christian, and her prayers were more than answered. Augustine became a Christian, a priest, and a bishop. His writings are considered so important that he was named a Doctor of the Church.
6. (a) St. Vincent de Paul (1581-1660) founded the Congregation of the Missions, an order dedicated to helping the poor, sick, and abandoned. Pope Leo XIII made him patron of charitable societies, including the Society of Saint Vincent de Paul, which still exists in parishes today.
7. (b) The practice of praying the first part of the Hail Mary, called the *Ave*, and repeating it one hundred fifty times began even before the time of St. Dominic. But he and his preachers are known for teaching people to connect the prayers of the rosary with meditating on the events of Jesus' life.
8. (b) St. Padre Pio (1887-1968) was considered a very holy man. He spent long hours hearing confessions and praying for the sick.
9. (a) St. Thomas More (1478-1535) was a brilliant lawyer, a friend of the king, and the Lord Chancellor of England. His conscience would not allow him to approve of King Henry VIII's divorce and his plan to name himself head of the Church in England.
10. (c) St. Lawrence was distributor of alms and keeper of the treasures for the early Church in Rome. When he was ordered to turn over the money and possessions of the Church to the Roman authorities, Lawrence brought with him the poor, sick, and disabled of Rome. These are the true treasures of the Church, he said.
11. (a) Gianna Beretta Molla (1922-1962) was both a mother and a doctor. When she was diagnosed with a large ovarian cyst during pregnancy, her doctor advised her to abort the baby to save her own life. Putting the life of the baby before her own, she refused and died a week after the baby was born.
12. (b) Because Jesus told him, "I will give you the keys of the kingdom of heaven..." (Matthew 16:19), St. Peter is often shown with a key or with crossed keys. Crossed keys are also the symbol of those who succeeded Peter as pope.
13. (c) St. Charles Lwanga and other young men of the court were asked by the king if they were determined to remain Christian. Even though they knew it would anger their pagan king, they said, "Yes!" They were all killed for their faith.
14. (b) St. Maximilian Kolbe (1894-1941), a Franciscan priest, sheltered Polish Jews after the Nazis invaded Poland. He was arrested and sent to Auschwitz, where he received especially brutal treatment because of his faith and ministry to other prisoners.
15. (a) St. Ignatius Loyola (1491-1556) was a soldier whose life was changed when a cannon ball shattered his leg. While recuperating, he read a book about the lives of the saints and was inspired to try to become one himself.